# **INFOSOFT IT SOLUTIONS**

### **Training | Projects | Placements**

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# **CCNA TRAINING COURSE**

### **Network Fundamentals**

Network Components

You will learn about the roles and functions of network components.

- 1. Routers
- 2. L2 and L3 Switches
- 3. Servers
- 4. Endpoints and Access Points
- Network Topology Architecture

You will understand the characteristics of network topology architectures.

- 1. 2-tier
- 2. 3-tier
- 3. Spine-leaf
- 4. WAN
- 5. SOHO
- 6. On-premise and cloud

# • Compare TCP to UDP

Learn the difference between these two Internet protocols.

# IPv4 and IPv6 Addressing

- 1. Understand the need for IPv4 addressing
- 2. Configure and verify IPv4 addressing and subnetting
- 3. Configure and verify IPv6 addressing and prefix

## Compare IPv6 Address Types

- 1. Global unicast
- 2. Unique local
- 3. Link-local
- 4. Anycast
- 5. Multicast
- 6. Modified EUI 64

# Switching

Understand switching concepts.

- 1. A MAC learning and ageing
- 2. Frame switching
- 3. Frame flooding
- 4. MAC address table

### **Network Access**

# Multiple switches

Configure and verify VLANs spanning multiple switches.

- 1. Access ports
- 2. Default VLAN
- 3. Connectivity

# Spanning Tree Protocol (STP)

Understand the need for Rapid PVST+ Spanning Tree Protocol and identify its basic operations.

- 1. Root port
- 2. Root bridge
- 3. Port States
- 4. PortFast benefits

#### WLAN

Understand physical infrastructure connections of WLAN components.

- 1. AP/WLC management access connections
- 2. SSH, HTTP, HTTPS
- 3. LAN access
- 4. WLAN connection

#### 5. WLAN advanced settings

# **IP Connectivity**

# Routing Table

Interpret the components of a routing table.

- 1. Routing protocol code
- 2. Prefix
- 3. Network Mask
- 4. Next hop
- Router

Determine how a router decides by default.

- 1. Longest match
- 2. Administrative distance
- 3. Routing protocol metric
- Static Routing

Learn to configure and verify IPv4 and IPv6 static routing.

- 1. Default route
- 2. Network route
- 3. Host route
- 4. Floating static
- OSPF (v2)

Configure and verify single area OSPF (v2).

- 1. Neighbour adjacencies
- 2. Point-to-point
- 3. Broadcast
- 4. Router ID

# **IP Services**

Network Address Translation (NAT)

Learn to configure and verify inside source NAT using static and pools.

Network Time Protocol (NTP)

Learn to configure and verify NTP operating in client and server mode.

#### DHCP and DNS

Learn the difference between the role of (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) DHCP and (Domain Name System) DNS within the network.

# SNMP and Syslog

Explain functions of SNMP in network operations and the use of Syslog features.

- 1. Facilities
- 2. Levels
- Per-Hop Behavior (PHB)

Explain the forwarding PHB for QoS.

#### . TFTP/FTP

Explain the functions of TFTP and FTP in a network.

# **Security Fundamentals**

## Key Security Concepts

- 1. Threats
- 2. Vulnerabilities
- 3. Exploits
- 4. Mitigation techniques
- Security Program Elements

Describe the Security Program Elements.

- 1. User awareness
- 2. Training
- 3. Physical access control
- Virtual Private Networks (VPNs)

Define remote access and site-to-site VPNs.

# • Security Features

Configure Layer 2 security features.

- 1. DHCP snooping
- 2. Dynamic ARP inspection
- 3. Port security

# Wireless Security Protocols

Describe wireless security protocols.

- 1. WPA
- 2. WPA2
- 3. WPA3
- WLAN

Learn configuring WLAN.

- 1. WPA2 PSK
- 2. GUI

# **Automation and Programmability**

# · Network Management

Explain how automation impacts network management.

#### Controller-based and Software-defined architectures

Learn to distinguish between controller-based and software-defined architectures (overlay, underlay & fabric).

- 1. Control Plane
- 2. Data Plane
- 3. Northbound APIs
- 4. Southbound APIs

### • Device Management

Learn to compare traditional campus device management with Cisco DNA Center.

#### • REST-based APIs

Describe the characteristics of REST-based APIs.

- 1. CRUD
- 2. HTTP verbs
- 3. Data encoding

## Configuration Management

Recognize the capabilities of configuration management mechanisms.

- Puppet
  Chef
- 3. Ansible